

New York Public SchoolSub: S. StudiesClass: 5thLesson no: 07Topic: Prairies - The GrasslandsSolved Assignment for Unit 3rd 2021Word meanings on P.no. 48.

Q1: Why are the Prairies called the Wheat basket?

Ans: The Prairies are called the wheat basket of the world because farmers have converted the grasslands into farmlands and they grow enough wheat not only for their own country but for the other countries as well.

Q2: How do the machines help in farming?

Ans: The machines are of great help to the farmers in cultivating huge farms. Ploughing the land, sowing the seeds, reaping the crops, threshing, and packing is done very fast with the help of machines.

Q3: Which rivers flow through the Prairies?

Ans: The Mississippi and the Missouri rivers flow through the Prairies.

Q4: What are ranches?

Ans: Ranches are open grasslands for grazing animals.

Q5: Name the grasslands of the temperate zone:

Ans: The grasslands of the temperate zone includes the Prairies of North America, Steppes in Asia, Pampas in South America, Velds in Africa, and Downs in Australia.

Q6: Why do very few people live on farms?

Ans: The work on the farms and ranches is done by machines that is why very few people live on farms.

B. Fill in the blanks:-

1. Exported
2. Extreme
3. treeless
4. fertile
5. Pampas
6. Ranches

C. Who am I?

1. Downs
2. Mississippi
3. Chicago
4. Ranches
5. Punjab

D. Match the following:

1. (v)
2. (i)
3. (iv)
4. (iii)
5. (ii)

E. Re-Write the following statements after correcting them:-

1. The Prairies are the grasslands of North America.
2. The grasslands are called Downs in Australia.
3. The Prairies are called the wheat basket of the World.
4. Beef from America is exported to countries in Europe.
5. The dairy farms are well equipped.
6. The work on ranches is done by machines.
7. Chicago is an important centre for meat products.

XXX

Lesson no. 10

Topic: The World of Expanding Knowledge

Word meanings on Page no. 69.

Q1: Where did the earlier pictorial scripts develop?

Ans: The earlier pictorial scripts were developed in Egypt and Mesopotamia.

Q2: What is Brahmi?

Ans: Brahmi is the oldest known writing system of ancient India. Most of our Indian scripts have been developed from the Brahmi script.

Q3: Why were the earliest systems of counting based on ten?

Ans: The early man started to count, to keep track of how many animals he had hunted, he used his ten fingers to count that is why the earliest systems of writing were based on ten.

Q4: What is the Braille Script?

Ans: Louis Braille developed a special kind of writing that is made up of small holes made on paper with a pin. This is known as the Braille script. The visually challenged people can read the script by moving their fingers on the dots.

Q5: What is the importance of literacy?

Ans: It is of vital importance for everybody to know how to read and write and the literate and well-trained person can help in the progress and development of the country.

Q6: Who invented the printing machine and which was the first book to be printed?

Ans: Johannes Gutenberg invented the first printing machine and Bible was the first to be printed in his printing machine.

Q7: What different things were used in ancient times for writings?

Ans: Mud tablets, bark of birch tree and palm leaves were used in ancient times for writings.

B. Fill in the blanks:-

1. Ancient Indian 2. Louis Braille 3. Devnagri 4. Nile 5. Raw materials

6. Talking 7. Cave paintings

C. Name the following:-

1. Braille Script 2. Gutenberg 3. Devnagri Script 4. Bible

5. Talking Books.

D. Rewrite the following statements after correcting them:-

1. In Devnagri Script, the letters are based on sound and not on pictures.

2. In ancient times, people used mud tablets for writings.

3. The invention of printing press changed the world.

4. Knowledge and information are required for our development.

5. Egyptians were the first to make paper from papyrus.

6. Ancient Indian scholars invented zero

7. The present international number system has its origin in India.

Lesson no:- 15

Topic:- The Way the United Nations Works

Word meanings on P no.100.

Q1:- What are the functions of the United Nations?

Ans:- The functions of the United Nations are as follows:-

1. It aims to maintain peace by settling disputes between nations, through negotiation, thus preventing wars.
2. It also wants to develop friendly relations among nations based upon equal rights of people.

Q2:- How is the Secretary General of the United Nations elected.

Ans:- The Secretary General is appointed by the General Assembly on the advice of the Security Council for a period of five years.

Q3:- Name the countries which are permanent members of the Security Council.

Ans:- The permanent members of the Security Council are the United States of America, the United Kingdom, Russia, China and France.

Q4:- How many judges preside over the International Court of Justice?

Ans:- Fifteen judges preside over the International Court of Justice.

Q5:- What is the main function of the World Health Organisation?

Ans: The main function of the World Health Organisation is to improve the health of people all over the world by working out means to eradicate diseases, prevent epidemics, and by increasing people's awareness of health and hygiene.

Q6: Name any four Agencies of the United Nations?

Ans: The four Agencies of the United Nations are:-

UNICEF (United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund), WHO (World Health Organisation), UNESCO (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation) and FAO (Food and Agriculture Organisation).

Q7: What are the responsibilities of the Secretariat?

Ans: The Secretariat is the executive organ of the United Nations. It carries out all the administrative work of the United Nations.

B. Fill in the blanks:-

1. One
2. 15
3. New York
4. Paris (France)
5. Hague
6. Six
7. Children.

C. Write their main function in the bubbles:-

1. The General Assembly:> It is the main policy making body.
2. The Security Council:> The Security Council is responsible for the maintenance of peace and security in the world.
3. The Economic and Social Council:> It promotes the welfare of people, social progress, and better standard of life.

1. The Trusteeship Council: - It looks after the trust territories of the world which are not independent and helps them towards self-governance.
 2. The International Court of Justice: → It settles disputes between nations.
 3. The Secretariat: → It looks after the day-to-day administration of the United Nations.
- P:- Re-cognise the various agencies of the UN according to their main functions :-

1. UNESCO (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation)
2. WHO (World Health Organisation)
3. FAO (Food and Agriculture Organisation)
4. ILO (International Labour Organisation)
5. UNICEF (United Nations International Children's Emergency fund)

4. Re-write the following sentences after correcting them :-

1. The General Assembly holds meetings every year.
2. There are five permanent members of Security Council.
3. UNICEF helps children all over the World.
4. UNESCO promotes the use of Scientific methods.
5. The International Court of justice is located at Hague in the Netherlands.
6. UNESCO encourages advanced countries to help less advanced countries.
7. WHO takes care of the health of the people all over the World.

XXX.